

the public, now as playing the sportsman, and now as the conspirator, plotting invasions, races, and all sorts of treachery against the

last moments, in spite of the incessant struggle for breath, were calm and full of trust in Jesus Christ. In the act of bidding "good-bye" to his children, one by one, and blessing them, he sank into unconsciousness, and, without a struggle, ceased to breathe. Of the intellectual ability of James B. Clay

pernicious, has a higher estimate than the
the world, and the world is not so good as
in the overwhelming greatness of the
world. Indeed, his own reverence and ad-
miration for the world, and the world is
render him unconscious of his own pow-
er, and, in a degree, to paralyze their ex-
ertion.

His entire freedom from self-h ambition,
his aversion to the excitements of public
life, and especially to the arts by which its
excitements are increased, and his desire
the full development of his powers by dis-
tending from the exertion needful for their
discipline, and his desire to be free from
what he called him to exertion he exhibited a
power of reasoning, a statesman's sagacity,
and a power of expression, which men lounge
such that he was not unworthy his
power. And his circumstances in early life
were such as those that called into play his
energy, and his energy was not
as distinguished. His barely honest

ted him from being a popular idol, but
and mer would have honored him.
all the relations of private life Mr. Clay
a singularly attractive man. As citizen,
ghbor, friend, son, husband, father, he pos-
sed those qualities of mind and heart that
sed him to live in the hearts of those
and him. Simple, unostentations, unex-

every one was at ease with him. Frank, frt, fearless, honest, every one honored him. Unspontaneous, humorous, well bred, brilliant, every one courted his society. General, erons, social, sympathizing, every one adored him. He was one of those native nobles whom the country cannot spare in these s of rampant chicanery and elevated vulgarity. I leave our readers to judge these authentic s before them, to judge if the contrast between their funerals is to be accounted for on theory of an apostasy of the son or an atonement of the public from the great principles honored in the funeral of the elder Clay.

The Enrollment Act—A Summary of the Provisions of the Bill.

its local form the bill provides that the names of localities shall be as nearly as possible in accordance with the names of the localities therein liable to military service, taking account, as far as practicable, the number which has been previously furnished. Those existing in the naval service will also be taken account, as well as those who may voluntarily accept the order to be drafted. The bill provides that if the quota of any district shall not be filled by the draft, further draft shall be made, and like proceedings had until the quota is filled. Persons enrolled may furnish at any time previous to the draft an acceptable substitute, and the bill requires that persons thus furnishing a substitute shall be exempt from the draft not exceeding the time which such substitutes shall have been acted. Any person drafted may, before the

[illegible]

as physically or mentally unfit; for service; all persons actually in the military or naval service of the United States; the members of the draft; and all persons who have served the military or naval service two years in the present war, and been honorably discharged. No person but such as are here-entitled shall be exempt. So much of Executive Order No. 28140 as provides for the enrollment of the reserved, such persons now consolidated. No person of foreign birth shall on account of alienage be exempted from enrollment or draft, who has at any time assumed the rights of a citizen, by voting at any election held under the laws of any one of the States, Territory, or of the United States, or who has held any office under such laws, or any them; but the fact that such person of

age or birth certificate, shall be taken as conclusive evidence that such person is not entitled to exemption from military service on account of alienage. All able-bodied male persons between the ages of twenty and forty-five years, resident in the United States, are to be enrolled according to the provisions of the enrollment act, and for the purpose of national military service. Every loyal master shall be drafted and mapped into the service of the United States, his master shall have a certificate thereof, and any person such slave shall be free, and the sum of \$100, now payable by law for each such drafted slave shall be paid to the person who such drafted person was a slave by way of labor at the time of his master into the price of the United States.


GERRILLAS IN MISSOURI.—A party of soldiers went to guerrillas in Mississippi county, Mo., last week, capturing the house of a low Vernon, near the wheelbarrow of a widow's son. Mrs. Vernon stoutly denied knowing anything about her boys; but they did not satisfy the soldiers, and two of them entered the house to search for them. They were going up stairs to the second floor, when Edward C. Edwards, a neighbor, called them back. Edward C. Edwards instantly, and sending the other so that he subsequently fled. The guerrillas then rushed out of the house, firing their shotguns and pistols, but without doing any harm. Two of the soldiers went on with their wounded comrade, the other following the guerrillas into the woods, where they pursued them upon their horses, chased

tim on through the bushes until he stumbled on one of their horses, which he mounted and made good his escape. Rekenforce was sent for, and when they arrived, the thirty men made a dash for the encampment, building a fire, the Verano boys crept on them and fired two shots, killing one man and severely wounding another. Thus seven men were killed and one wounded by these two desperate men, who have been credited to elude their pursuers.

acts, and has been on duty nearly a year; the report of the Judge Advocate's opinion, upon which he was restored, although made a year ago, has but just been published. His report not only fully exculpates Gen. R., but presents evidence which proves him to be one of the most worthy and capable officers in the service; it proves, also, that his temporary suspension was an act of gross injustice; and we consider the delay in publishing the official report which so completely vindicates Gen. R., an offense against fair dealing but little less objectionable than his condemnation the first instance.

WENT INTO MATFIELD, KY.—We learn that the 25th inst. a party of guerrillas made a raid into the town of Matfield, Kentucky, inflicting considerable damage. They destroyed and carried off a large amount of property. One of the most prominent and respectable citizens and business men of the town, Mr. Hays, was killed. Our informant states that the shooting was done by the guerrillas as a threat cause or provocation to their meeting with no resistance whatever. Several stores and dwellings were robbed of their most valuable contents.

and all for "the salutary One Term principle," and counsele's the reelection of some other eminent Unionist," than Old Abe for the next President.

The New Hampshire Patriot gives the aggregate debt of 150 towns in the State as \$373,600—for bounties principally.

[SUNDAY NIGHT'S DISPATCHES.]

New York, Feb. 28.

The steamer Asia, from Liverpool 12th and

Queenstown 14th February, arrived here this

forenoon.

Lord Derby, in the House of Lords, attacked

Earl Russell, and defended the Government

policy relative to suspected steamers. The

latter declined to produce papers.

Pending local investigations in the House of

Commons, Mr. Layard reiterated his statement

that Mr. Adams had made no official or verbal

communications to Earl Russell of the sub-

stance of Seward's dispatches of the 10th of

July last.

Earl Fitzgerald called attention to the cir-

cumstances attending the capture of certain

British vessels by Federal cruisers, and the

murder of one of the crew of the Saxon by a

Federal lieutenant. He asserted that

Russell had done enough in the matter, and

moved for the correspondence.

The Attorney General moved the motion.

He said the principle of the prize adjudication

in America is the same as in England, and the

disposition of the American Government is

very fair and just.

During a general debate several speakers

charged the Government with a trackless policy

toward the American Government.

Lord Palmerston said it was due to the

American Government to say that they have

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and parties taken in our lines, the result of

which is to be held before the President to

have a future policy in relation to Southern

disloyalists.

New Orleans, Feb. 27.

It is understood that Governor Beauregard

has just transmitted the resolution of the

Secretary of West Virginia calling upon the

military authorities for information as to the

measures having been adopted for making

good the deficiency in this State.

We have information that a large portion

of Beauregard's command is to be sent on fire-

ships.

It is reported that, last accounts to be

in Rockbridge county.

The enemy continue to forge with small

parties. Our scouts are out and active after

these foragers.

The report that the enemy is sending a

large force towards Franklin, Pemerton

county, Tenn., is untrue, the rebels having

made a hasty retreat after the fire.

In the lookout for an advance from our side.

There is nothing from Gen. Early.

WASHINGTON, February 28.

Information from the Army of the Potomac

states that on Thursday night about one

hundred rebels crossed the river near Raccoon

Ford, and made a slight demonstration on our

pickets, killing two horses, soon after which

they made a hasty retreat across the river.

Thirteen of the party, however, took the

opportunity to desert, and came into our lines.

What remains may have taken place in the

secret session of the Senate in regard to the

nominations of Caleb Lyons for Governor

of Idaho, and, however, from a credible

source, that he was confirmed by the Senate

without a dissenting vote.

PORTLAND, Feb. 28.

More bodies, recovered from the wreck of the

Bohemian, and nine mail bags, have been

found. The wreckers have arrived from New

York, and operations will begin at once.

The private subscription for the suffering

people in East Tennessee now amount to \$1-

250.

XXXVIII Congress—First Session.

WASHINGTON, February 29.

HOUSE.

Mr. Julian, of Indiana, introduced a bill to

secure to persons in the military and naval

service homesteads in confiscated and forfeit-

ed estates within insurrectionary districts.

Referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

Mr. Ross, of Illinois, offered a resolution

that the pay of officers and soldiers of the

army and navy be increased about thirty-three

per cent, and that the Committee on Military

Affairs be instructed to report such a bill im-

mediately.

SENATE.

Mr. Grimes introduced a bill for the pro-

tection of overland mail routes, and to en-

large the Federal Government to protect the

mail routes. Referred to the Committee on Military

Affairs.

Mr. Sumner, from Select Committee on

Slavery and Freedom, presented a report on

the fugitive slave law, accompanied with a bill

for the repeal of all laws for the rendition of

fugitive slaves.

(Special to the Tribune.)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.

A portion of the Army of the Potomac

moved yesterday, and was in successful ad-

vance to-day.

The principal amendment proposed to the

national currency act by the Comptroller of the

Currency requires national banks to re-

duce the rate of interest on their loans to

the rate of 7 per cent, discount throughout

the year, and to reduce the rate of interest

to be kept on hand from 15 to 10 per cent, for

country banks; and from 10 to 5 per cent, for

city banks; and to provide for the resumption

of specie payments on or before the 1st of

January, 1865.

It is expected that the bill will be

brought up in the House to-morrow, as it can

be done then by a two-thirds vote; but on any

other day of the week unanimous consent will

FOR SALE AND RENT.

FOR SALE.

A TWO STORY BRICK HOUSE, WITH FIVE

rooms, and a large lot, on the corner of

Market and Second streets. The house is new,

and the lot is 200 feet front, and 100 feet

deep. Inquire on the corner of

Market and Second streets.

For Rent.

A NEAT TWO STORY BRICK HOUSE, WITH

four rooms, and a large lot, on the corner of

Market and Second streets. The house is new,

and the lot is 200 feet front, and 100 feet

deep. Inquire on the corner of

Market and Second streets.

A Farm to Rent.

I WISH TO RENT A FARM IN JEFFERSON

county, for a year or more. The farm should

be from 100 to 200 acres, and have a good

house, and a good lot of land. Inquire on the

corner of Market and Second streets.

For Hire.

TWO NEGRO WOMEN AND A NEGRO GIRL

for hire. Apply to

C. L. SIMMONS,

corner Second and Broadway.

For Sale.

A HOUSE, WITH SIX ROOMS, BESIDES

a kitchen and a large lot, on the corner of

Market and Second streets. The house is new,

and the lot is 200 feet front, and 100 feet

deep. Inquire on the corner of

Market and Second streets.

For Sale.

A HANDSOME LOT, WITH A CORNER

on Market street, between Clay and

Second streets. Inquire on the corner of

Market and Second streets.

FOR SALE.

FIFTEEN HUNDRED ACRES OF GROUND,

fronting on Main street, running back 200

feet. A good business and industrial man

can make from \$500 to \$1000 per annum on

the same. The property is well situated, and

can be purchased for \$1000. Inquire on the

corner of Market and Second streets.

Also, two tracts of ground, one between

Fourth and Fifth streets, and the other be-

tween Fifth and Sixth streets. Inquire on the

corner of Market and Second streets.

Also, a small lot of ground, on the corner of

Market and Second streets. Inquire on the

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corner of Market and Second streets.

Also, a small lot of ground, on the corner of

WANTED.

A SITUATION AS SALESMAN IN A WHOLESALE

store, and could probably control some patron

age from the new and growing business.

Add care H. N. J. Louisville, Ky. Feb. 28.

Wanted to Exchange.

A NEGRO GIRL, IN HER SEVENTEENTH YEAR,

and healthy, for a boy, of 14 to 15 years, and

not having a good, steady boy to do domestic

work, and could probably control some patron

age from the new and growing business.

Add care H. N. J. Louisville, Ky. Feb. 28.

Wanted—Split Brooms.

WE WISH TO BUY ONE HUNDRED COVEN

split brooms, for the purpose of making

split brooms, for the purpose of making

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